

23.—Subsidy Allowances to Provincial Governments, Years Ended Mar. 31, 1949-55

NOTE.—Exclusive of additional payments under the Wartime Tax Agreements and the Tax Rental Agreements.

Province	1949	1950	1951	1952 1953 1954	1955
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Newfoundland ¹	1,925,000	1,540,000	1,569,133	1,569,133
Prince Edward Island.....	656,932	656,932	656,932	656,932	656,932
Nova Scotia.....	2,005,140	2,005,140	2,005,140	2,056,838	2,056,838
New Brunswick.....	1,632,386	1,632,386	1,632,386	1,679,022	1,679,022
Quebec.....	2,866,590	2,866,590	2,866,590	3,300,869	3,300,869
Ontario.....	3,155,007	3,155,007	3,155,007	3,640,940	3,640,940
Manitoba.....	1,715,623	1,767,315	1,750,084	1,755,317	1,852,468
Saskatchewan.....	2,041,525	2,071,900	2,061,775	2,040,757	2,087,884
Alberta.....	2,018,039	2,086,043	2,063,375	2,126,976	2,228,375
British Columbia.....	1,003,440	1,003,440	1,003,440	1,281,319	1,281,319
Totals.....	17,094,682	19,169,753	18,734,729	20,108,103	20,353,780

¹ Excludes the transitional grant allowed to this Province under the Terms of Union.

24.—Individual Subsidy Allowances by Province, Year Ended Mar. 31, 1955

(Thousands of dollars)

Subsidy	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Total
Allowance for governments.....	180	100	190	190	240	240	205	220	220	220	2,005
Allowance on basis of population.....	289	87	514	413	2,933	3,259	703	713	853	932	10,696
Interest on debt allowance.....	—	39	53	26	128	142	382	405	405	29	1,609
Special Grants—											
Additional Annual Subsidy—											
Statutes 1949, c. 1.....	1,100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,100
Statutes 1942, c. 14.....	—	275	1,300	900	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,475
Statutes 1887, c. 8 and R.S. 1927, c. 12.....	—	20	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	20
Statutes 1912, c. 42.....	—	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	100
In lieu of public lands.....	—	6	—	—	—	—	562	750	750	100	2,168
In settlement of steamship services claims.....	—	30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	30
In lieu of export duty on lumber.....	—	—	—	150	—	—	—	—	—	—	150
Totals.....	1,569	657	2,057	1,679	3,301	3,641	1,852	2,088	2,225	1,281	20,353

Taxation Agreements.—Early in World War II, in order to provide revenue for heavy national expenditures and at the same time control inflationary tendencies, the Provincial Governments vacated the income and corporation tax fields in favour of the Federal Government for the duration of the War and a limited period thereafter, after